4th Grade Language Arts Curriculum Overview

Reading: Literature

Key Ideas and Details:

- Draw inferences from a text.
- Identify a theme using the details in the text.
- Summarize a text.
- Describe a character, setting or an event in a story using details from the story.
- Draw conclusions based on details in the story.
- Identify story elements (characters, setting, plot, conflict, resolution, theme).
- Use SQ3R when reading a text.
- Identify foreshadowing in a text and what it tells the reader.

Craft and Structure:

- Use context clues to determine the meaning of a word.
- Identify elements of a poem.
- Identify verb tense in a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

• Compare and contrast two stories with the same theme.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

• Read stories, biographies, poems, factual science texts and journals.

Reading: Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details:

- Draw inferences from a text.
- Use details and examples to explain a text.
- Summarize a text.
- Explain ideas in an historical or a scientific text.

Craft and Structure:

- Describe problem/solution, cause/effect in a text
- Determine the meaning of domain-specific words in a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

- Interpret information using graphs and maps to bring clarity to the text.
- Use evidence to support points in a text.
- Compare and contrast information from two texts on the same topic.
- Explain how reasons and evidence support points in a text.
- Interpret graphs to help understand a text.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

 Read and comprehend nonfiction, science and informational texts.

Reading: Foundational Skills

Phonics and Word Recognition:

- Apply word analysis skills and phonics to decode words.
- Decipher unfamiliar words by identifying the root word and its affixes.

Fluency:

- Read prose and poetry with expression.
- Use context to help with word recognition.

Writing

Text Types and Purposes:

- Determine the difference between fact and opinion
- Write informative text using facts and details, and provide a concluding statement.
- Write a narrative using descriptive details and conclusion.
- Write a persuasive paragraph stating opinion, listing supporting ideas and drawing a conclusion.
- Describe a character listing his/her character traits.

Production and Distribution of Writing:

- Use the writing process (prewriting, drafting, revising and editing) to strengthen writing.
- Use adverbs, adjectives and transition words to enhance writing.
- Gather information from different sources to write about a chosen topic.

Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:

- Present a play with multiple people reading different parts.
- Understand and use onomatopoeia in each speaking role.

Language

Conventions of Standard English:

- Use relative pronouns.
- Identify and use prepositions and prepositional phrases.
- Identify and correct sentence fragments and run-on sentences.
- Differentiate between commonly confused words.
- Review capitalization rules and correct capitalization errors.
- Identify sentences that need quotation marks and correct comma placement.
- Identify and use coordinating conjunctions in sentences.

4th Grade Language Arts Curriculum Overview (cont.)

- Identify nouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs and direct objects.
- Review and write singular and plural possessive nouns and pronouns.
- Identify the meaning of a homograph by using it in a sentence.
- Review spelling rules when adding word endings.
- Review rules for the division of syllables.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use:

- Use context clues for clarity of word meaning.
- Add affixes to root words and understand how the addition changes the meaning of the word.
- Identify similes and metaphors in a text and interpret their meanings.
- Explain the meanings of common adages and proverbs in a text.
- Provide antonyms and synonyms to given words.

Lesson #3 (continued)



Many words sound alike, but are spelled or punctuated differently and have different meanings. It is important to understand the differences between the words listed below so that you always use them correctly.

to- in the direction of; used with a verb: to take, to have, etc.

too— also, or more than enough
two— more than one and less than three.

its-belonging to it's- the contraction for it is

your- belonging to you you're- the contraction for you are

whose—belonging to who or whom who's—the contraction for who is, or who has

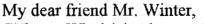
their- belonging to them there- in that place they're- the contraction for they are

Read the poem below and circle the correct spelling of the word that belongs in the poem. Take your time with this and be sure you understand this lesson. You may see another exercise using these words again!









(Whose, Who's) in charge of all the snow.

I have this little problem and I need (to, too, two) let you know.

My life has been so busy,

(To, Too, Two) many things (to, too, two) do.

I wish I had some time (to, too, two) play and spend a day with you.

Do you think that you could help?

I need a break from school.

Every day (its, it's) work, work, work; then learn another rule.

I have (to, too, two) friends from down the street,

(Their, There, They're) tired of school like me.

(Their, There, They're) wishing for a snow day (to, too, two),

(To, Too, Two) have some fun you see.

So help us, Mr. Winter,

Please grant (their, there, they're) wish to play.

We need (your, you're) cold and frosty touch to cancel school today!











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Lesson #12 (continued)



Summer Language Arts Review - 4th Grade

A <u>sentence fragment</u> is part of a sentence. It is a group of words which is missing either a subject or a verb, or does not express a complete thought. <u>Sentence fragments</u>, like the examples below, are incorrect.

Fragment: Complete sentence:	Can be quite silly. My little sister can be quite silly.	(The subject is missing.) (A subject has been added.)
9	The snow on our roof. The snow on our roof fell onto the driveway.	(The verb is missing.) (A verb has been added.)
Fragment: Complete sentence:	When report cards were given out. I was absent when report cards were given out.	(The thought is incomplete.) (The thought is complete)
Label the following	as "S" for sentence, or "F" for fragment.	
	1. In order to have many friends.	
	2. A robot that can take your tests.	
	3. Tired from writing his book report.	
****	4. Tiger Woods is a popular and talented golfe	er.
	5. Which caused the swim team to lose.	
sentences in place	below. On a separate piece of paper, rewrof the sentence fragments used here. The figination to add details!	nal story should make good
to attend Camp Blac		, Mon suid it was best for mis
I cried all the	way there. When Mom tried to kiss me goodby	ye. I pouted and ran away.
	with my new cabin mates. I didn't know any some of the kids ride horses. Suddenly a snakning.	
Many new fri	ends before dinner time. Watched the sunset to	ogether and sang songs.
Next year, it's	s Camp Blackhawk for me!	- (4) (49) - (B)

Lesson #18



The paragraph below is an example of <u>persuasive writing</u>. As you read, notice how Olivia is trying to <u>persuade</u> her 4th grade teacher to have a classroom Popsicle break each afternoon in the month of June.

Hints for Olivia

Introduce the Topic

State Your Opinion

List Three Supporting Ideas
Use words that will make
the reader feel strongly
about your opinion.

Draw Your Conclusion
Restate your opinion
and summarize your <
supporting ideas

Have you ever sat in class on a hot June afternoon and been distracted and unable to concentrate? I certainly have and that's why I'm proposing a classroom PopsicleTM break each afternoon in June. First and foremost, what better way to refresh our brains than with a delicious, fruit-flavored PopsicleTM? The scrumptious taste of the frozen treat would surely awaken even the most tired of brain cells. Second, the bonding brought about by this experience would establish a strong sense of community within our classroom. We would all join together with PopsiclesTM in hand and smiles upon our faces. Last, the PopsicleTM break would better prepare us for the important studies that lie ahead. In conclusion I feel that a daily afternoon PopsicleTM break would be a great way to awaken our brain cells, join us together and help us approach the end of the day with vigor and excitement. Let's replace our distraction with satisfaction and awaken our senses for learning!



Do you think Olivia was successful in <u>persuading</u> her teacher to plan a Popsicle break for her class? Explain why or why not.

Lesson #18 (continued)



Now it's your turn. Use the space below to complete your persuasive paragraph. Be sure to use the hints to help organize your writing.

<u>Hints</u>	
Introduce the Topic	
State Your Opinion	
List Three Supporting Ideas Use words that will make the reader feel strongly about your opinion.	
Draw Your Conclusion Restate your opinion and summarize your supporting ideas.	



Now read your <u>persuasive</u> paragraph to someone. When you are finished, ask him or her to tell you how successful you were in being <u>persuasive</u>.

Lesson 1

1. possible highlighted clues: (pg. 2)

Please leave our papers in the garage as we will be gone from July 30th

She had two wisdom teeth pulled at noon. Poor thing, I guess she won't be able to eat or drink anything for three more hours."

"They went to a 12:00 movie," Nancy called over her shoulder. "Hmmm," thought Haley. "How long does the movie last?" she asked. Nancy said, "Two and a half hours."

At once Haley noticed the terrible mess in the kitchen. Pancakes were scattered all over the table and a large bottle of syrup lay empty on the floor.

2. As she made her way through the crowd she noticed a sign that read, "Lemonade - cheapest price in town!" Next to the sign was a big yellow cooler.

2-syllable words

3. posters will vary

Lesson 5

The topic is: (pg. 10) ants

What I already know about the topic: (pg. 10) answers will vary

Vocabulary I know: (pg. 10) answers will vary Vocabulary to learn: (pg. 10) answers will vary

question: (pg. 10) answers will vary (should be about the topic)

direct objects: (pg. 12)

1. mayor

9. dues

2. samples

10. mother

3. Notre Dame

11. x-ray

4. invitations

12. problem

5. cherry crop

13. sister

6. votes 7. chess piece 14. sunrise 15 television

8. treats

Lesson 2

syllables: (pg. 3)

1-syllable words snow

frost cold

freezing snowman blizzard snowflake 3-syllable words

slippery snowmobile icicle shoveling

pie graphs: (pg. 4)

(1) D (2) C

ice

(3) C

(4) A(5) D

(6) C

Lesson 6

possible foreshadowing clues; (pg. 13 & 14)

It was my dad's office calling for him. He was always busily working at this time of the day.

My mom said, "Um, you have to clean your room, so don't be late."

Kenji looked puzzled and said, "What dinner?"

I explained how my mom had invited him to go with us, but Kenji nervously interrupted me, "Oh yes, I forgot. Dinner. It will be fun...Let's play ball."

"Boy." I thought to myself, "he sure doesn't seem too excited. How could be forget something that important?"

adverbs: (pg. 14)

1. anxiously

constantly 7. slowly

2. busily

8. happily 9. secretly

3. cheerfully

4. quickly 5. nervously

commas: (pg. 15)

Dear Joel,

I'm sorry I cannot be with

you on your birthday. I have to go to Dallas, Texas on business, I won't return until Thursday, August 4th. I will miss your birthday dinner, cake, and ice cream.

Monday, July 24th

You know how I love birthday cake!

I will really miss watching you open my present and using it with your friends.

Have a great time on your birthday.

Love. Uncle Pete

2. answers will vary

Lesson 3

3. answers will vary

4. answers will vary 5. answers will vary

6. answers will vary

Snow Day: (pg. 7) 1st Stanza: Who's, to

2nd Stanza: Too, to, to

3rd Stanza; it's

4th Stanza: two, They're, They're, too, To

biographical article questions: (pg. 6)

1. He was cut from the varsity team at Laney High School.

5th Stanza: their, your

Lesson 4

yellow pages questions: (pg. 9)

- 1. 194 & 195
- 2. three
- 3. Clapp's Clocks
- 4. Scott's Expert Clock Repair
- 5. Cleaning/Closets and Closet Accessories
- 6. They probably should go to Clapp's Clocks because they are interested in grandfather clocks
- 7. Trilby's Tick-Tockers
- 8. Lauren's Fine Clocks
- 9. Trilby's Tick-Tockers, I found this answer under the headings Clocks -Dealers and Clocks - Service and Repair.
- Closets and Closet Accessories.
- 11. answers will vary

Lesson 7

prepositional phrases*: (pg. 17)

1. across the street 2. behind the counter 3. from California

11. against the wind 12. near the park 13, into the woods

4. at the ballgame 5. without his coat 14, during the concert 15. between the wall and the chair

16. beneath the grandfather clock

6. off the high board 7. since last week

17. <u>until</u> dawn 18. below the surface

8. after the birthday party 9. through the sprinkler 10. under the rock

19. in its web 20. for his vacation

*prepositions in each phrase are underlined